

STUDENT ID NO							

# **MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY**

## FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 3, 2016/2017

#### EEM 2036 – ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III

(All sections / Groups)

02 JUNE 2017 9:00 a.m. – 11:00 a.m. ( 2 Hours )

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This Question paper consists of 8 pages with 4 Questions only.
- 2. Attempt all **FOUR** questions. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given .
- 3. Please write all your answers in the Answer Booklet provided

(a) Solve the linear system of three equations using Gordan Jordan Elimination

$$6x + 2y - 2z = 2$$

$$2x + 2y + 4z = 12$$

$$4x + 4y + 6z = 20$$

[18marks]

(b) Let 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $p(t) = 5t^2 + 7t - 8$ 

Solve the matrix problem. Find p(A).

[7marks]

- (a) Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{4} e^{2x} + \frac{2}{x+4} dx$  by using Composite Simpsons rule with 3 intervals. Determine the error bound. [15marks]
- (b) Given the nodes  $x_0 = -2$ ,  $x_1 = 5$ ,  $x_2 = 7$ ,  $x_3 = 9$  , find the Lagrange interpolating polynomial for

$$f(x) = \frac{7}{1+x^2}$$

Hence use the Lagrange interpolating polynomial to find the interpolation value for x = 6.

[10marks]

(a) Find the volume of the region bounded above by the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 25$  and below by the plane z = 4 by using cylindrical coordinates.

[10marks]

(b) Evaluate the integral

$$\iint_{R} y - 2x^{2} dA$$

where R is the region bounded by the square |x| + |y| = 2 [15marks]

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(a) Evaluate  $\int_C (2x^2 - y) dx + xy^3 dy$  where C consists of the segment from (0,1) to (4,1), (4,1) to (4,-1) and (4,-1) to (0,-1).

[10marks]

(b) Use Gauss Theorem to evaluate

$$\vec{F} = xi + xy^2j - xyzk$$

where the region is inside the solid cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  between the plane z = 0 and the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$ 

[15marks]

#### **APPENDIX**

#### TABLE OF FORMULAS

1. The *n*th Lagrange interpolating polynomial (LIP)

$$f(x) \approx P_n(x) = \sum_{i=0}^n L_i(x) f(x_i)$$

with

$$L_k(x) = \prod_{\substack{i=0\\i\neq k}}^n \frac{\left(x - x_i\right)}{\left(x_k - x_i\right)}.$$

2. Newton's divided-difference interpolating polynomial (NDDIP)

$$P_n(x) = f[x_0] + \sum_{k=1}^n f[x_0, x_1, ..., x_k](x - x_0) \cdots (x - x_{k-1}) \; .$$

3. The error in interpolating polynomial.

$$f(x) - P_n(x) = \frac{(x - x_0)(x - x_1)...(x - x_n)}{(n+1)!} f^{(n+1)}(c_x)$$

for each  $x \in [x_0, x_n]$ , a number  $c_x \in (x_0, x_n)$  exists.

4. Newton's forward-difference formula

$$P_n(x) = f[x_0] + \sum_{k=1}^n \binom{s}{k} \Delta^k f(x_0).$$

5. Newton's backward-difference formula

$$P_n(x) = f[x_n] + \sum_{k=1}^n (-1)^k \binom{-s}{k} \nabla^k f(x_n).$$

6. Forward difference formula

$$f'(x) \approx \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$
.

Backward difference formula

$$f'(x) \approx \frac{f(x) - f(x - h)}{h}$$
.

The error term for both forward and backward difference formula is

$$\left|\frac{h}{2}f''(c_x)\right|.$$

Continued ...

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Central difference formula

$$f'(x) \approx \frac{f(x+h) - f(x-h)}{2h}$$

with the error term

$$\left| \frac{h^2}{6} f^{(3)}(c_x) \right|$$

8. Trapezoidal rule

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \frac{h}{2} (f(a) + f(b)) - \frac{h^{3} f''(\xi)}{12}$$

for some  $\xi$  in (a, b) and h = b - a.

9. Composite Trapezoidal rule

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \approx \frac{h}{2} \left[ f(a) + f(b) + 2 \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} f(x_{j}) \right]$$

for some  $\xi$  in (a, b) and  $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$ , with the error term is  $\left| \frac{(b-a)h^2 f'(\xi)}{12} \right|$ .

10. Simpson's rule

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \frac{h}{3} \left[ f(a) + 4f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) + f(b) \right] - \frac{h^{5}}{90} f^{(iv)}(\xi)$$

for some  $\xi$  in (a, b) and  $h = \frac{b-a}{2}$ .

11. Composite Simpson's rule

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \approx \frac{h}{3} \left[ f(a) + 2 \sum_{j=1}^{\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)-1} f(x_{2j}) + 4 \sum_{j=1}^{\frac{n}{2}} f(x_{2j-1}) + f(b) \right]$$

for some  $\xi$  in (a, b) and  $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$ , with the error term  $\left| \frac{(b-a)h^4}{180} f^{(4)}(\xi) \right|$ .

12. Newton-Raphson's method

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}, \qquad n = 0,1,2,...$$

13. Euler's method

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + hf(x_i, y_i)$$
 with local error  $\frac{h^2}{2}Y''(\xi_i)$  for some  $\xi_i$  in  $(x_i, x_{i+1})$ .

14. Runge Kutta method of order two (Improved Euler method)

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2)$$

$$k_1 = hf(x_i, y_i)$$

$$k_2 = hf(x_i + h, y_i + k_1)$$

15. Runge Kutta method of order four

$$\begin{split} k_1 &= hf\left(x_i\,,y_i\,\right),\\ k_2 &= hf\left(x_i+\tfrac{1}{2}h,y_i+\tfrac{1}{2}k_1\right),\\ k_3 &= hf\left(x_i+\tfrac{1}{2}h,y_i+\tfrac{1}{2}k_2\right),\\ k_4 &= hf\left(x_{i+1},y_i+k_3\right),\\ y_{i+1} &= y_i+\tfrac{1}{6}(k_1+2k_2+2k_3+k_4). \end{split}$$